

SYLLABUS¹

1. Information about the Program

1.1 Higher education institution	Politehnica University of Timișoara
1.2 Faculty ² / Department ³	Automation and Computers/ Computers
1.3 Chair	-
1.4 Domain of study	Computers and Information Technology
1.5 Study level	Bachelor
1.6 Study programme / Qualification	Computers / engineer

2. Information about the Course

2.1 Course	Computer Programming						
2.2 Lecturer	dr. Marius Minea						
2.3 Academic staff for seminars/labs	ing. Alexandru Iovanovici						
2.4 Study year	1	2.5 Semester	1	2.6 Assessment type	E	2.7 Course type	Mandatory

3. Total time estimated (hours/ semester of didactical activities)

3.1 Hours / week	5	of which:	3.2 lecture hours	3	3.3 seminar/lab hours	2
3.4 Total curriculum hours	118	of which:	3.5 lecture hours	42	3.6 seminar/lab hours	28
Time distribution						hours
Study using manuals, support materials, bibliography and notes						20
Supplementary documentation in library, speciality electronic platforms and on site						7
Supplementary preparation for seminars/labs, homeworks, reviews, portofolios and essays						14
Tutoring activities						14
Exams						3
Other						
3.7 Total - hours of individual study						111
3.8 Total - hours per semester						128
a. Credits						5

4. Prerequisites (if appropriate)

4.1 curriculum	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • none
4.2 competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • basic mathematical and logical abilities

5. Conditions (if appropriate)

5.1 for lectures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • large classroom, laptop, projector, blackboard/whiteboard
5.2 for seminars/labs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lab with 15-18 computers, C programming environment, blackboard/whiteboard

6. Specific competencies acquired

Professional competencies ⁴	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Working with foundational concepts of the sciences, engineering, and computer science • Design of hardware, software and communication components • Solving problems using computer science and engineering tools
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¹ Formularul corespunde Fișei Disciplinei promovată prin OMECTS 5703/18.12.2011 (Anexa3);

² Se înscrie numele facultății care gestionează programul de studiu căruia îi aparține disciplina;

³ Se înscrie numele departamentului căruia i-a fost încredințată susținerea disciplinei și de care aparține titularul cursului;

⁴ Aspectul competențelor profesionale va fi tratat cf. Metodologiei OMECTS 5703/18.12.2011. Se vor prelua competențele care sunt precizate în Registrul Național al Calificărilor din Învățământul Superior RNCIS (http://www.rncis.ro/portal/page?_pageid=117,70218&_dad=portal&_schema=PORTAL) pentru domeniul de studiu de la pct. 1.4 și programul de studii de la pct. 1.6 din această fișă.

Transversal competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Honorable, responsible, ethical and lawful behavior in solving the assigned problems Showing action and initiative to update professional, economic, and organizational knowledge
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7. Objectives of the course (issued from the list of the competencies acquired)

7.1 Aim	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand and use fundamental programming language concepts.
7.2 Specific objectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Develop basic algorithmic skills. Solve small-scale problems by writing programs in C. Appreciate clean coding style and program correctness. Understand basics of machine-level program representation.

8. Content

8.1 Lecture	Hours	Instruction methods
1. Functions as fundamental programming construct: parameters, function definition and function call, basic types, composing functions; computation vs. input/output, conditionals	2	lecture with slides, questions, explanations, live programming with examples
2. Recursion: recurrent sequences, fractals, expressions. Mechanism of a recursive function call. Efficiency. Tail recursion.	5	
3. Character-based I/O reading and writing characters; converting to a number;	2	
4. Imperative programming recursion vs. iteration; assignment; loops; character-based filters	3	
5. Internal representation representation of integers and reals; bitwise operators	3	
6. Arrays: vectors; matrices; strings	6	
7. Input/output input checking and error handling; formatted I/O	5	
8. Pointers: addresses of variables; pointer arithmetic; dynamic allocation	6	
9. Files: text files; binary files	4	
10. Structures structures and unions; defining new datatypes	3	
11. Modularization. Abstract datatypes preprocessor; C files and headers; interface and implementation	3	
References Allen B. Downey. <i>How to think like a computer scientist</i> . C version by Thomas Scheffler, 2010 Tim Bailey. <i>An Introduction to the C Programming Language and Software Design</i> , 2005 Brian Kernighan, Dennis Ritchie. <i>The C programming Language</i> , 2nd. ed., Prentice Hall, 1988		
8.2 Seminar/lab	Hours	Instruction methods
1. Programming environment. Compilation. Simple programs with conditionals	2	programming and problem solving, homework, explanations, discussion,
2. Recursion. Examples with sequences, series.	2	
3. Fractals. Tail recursion.	2	
4. Iterative vs. recursive processing – numeric examples.	2	
5. Iterative text processing. Filters.	2	
6. Bitwise operations. Simple image processing. Polynomial division. Checksums	2	
7. Arrays. Basic searching, sorting. String processing.	2	
8. Input/output: finding patterns in texts. Processing structured text.	2	
9. Pointers. String functions	2	
10. Pointers: dynamic allocation, resizing arrays, pointer arrays	2	
11. Files. Processing images, archives.	2	
12. Structures as compound values. Processing formatted files (csv)	2	
13. Implementing a simple library (e.g. lists)	2	
14. Recap and make-up lab.	2	
References Stephen Kochan, <i>Programming in C</i> , 3rd Edition, Sams Publishing, 2005 Peter van der Linden. <i>Expert C Programming</i> . Prentice Hall, 1994		

9. Correlation between the course content and the requirements of the specialists in the field and the expectations of the main employers

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solid programming skills (including algorithmic skills, good error handling and avoiding security pitfalls) are fundamental for any software engineer position. C is often used itself (embedded automotive) or as a basis for learning other languages.
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10. Assessment

Activity type	10.1 Assessment criteria	10.2 Assessment methods	10.3 Weight in final mark
10.4 Lecture	quiz: theory and code samples programming to solve problems	written	15%
		computer-based	35%
10.5 Seminar /labs	homeworks programming to solve problems	computer-based, written	15%
		computer-based	35%
10.6 Minimal performance standards (minimal specific knowledge required for passing the exam, the means to assess mastering the specific knowledge)			
• writing runnable programs that implement the core problem requirements, covering the main topics taught in class			

11. International compatibility

- INF-1-CP, Computer programming skills and concepts, Univ. Edinburgh. <http://www.inf.ed.ac.uk/teaching/courses/cp1/>
- 6.087. Practical Programming in C. MIT Open Courseware. <http://ocw.mit.edu/courses/electrical-engineering-and-computer-science/6-087-practical-programming-in-c-january-iap-2010/>
- Steven Summit. C Programming, Experimental College, Univ. of Washington. <http://www.eskimo.com/~scs/cclass/cclass.html>

Date

Signature of the course instructor

Signatures of the academic staff for seminars/labs

14.10.2013

dr. Marius Minea

ing. Alexandru Iovanovici

Date of approval in the Department

Signature of the Department Director

prof. dr. ing. Vladimir Crețu